



Incorporation of Gender Perspective in the Dominican Republic

Mrs. Lohadis Ureña
Director
Community Prevention Department
National Council of Drugs (CND)

Dominican Republic



“There is a country in the world, located in the same path of the sun” where the coast is bathed by different seas, with charming beauty. Land of merengue and bachata, rhythms that will make you dance, it does not matter your language and culture; a happy land, which makes us a marvelous country.



Gender Approach In Dominican Republic

DOMINICAN REPUBLIC'S CONSTITUTION ABOUT FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS, DUTIES AND GUARANTEES



Article 39.- Right to equity. All people are born free and equal before the law, receive the same protection and treatment from institutions, authorities and other people and enjoy the same rights, freedoms and opportunities, without any discrimination based on gender, color, age, disability, nationality, family ties, language, religion, political or philosophical opinion, social or personal status.

In addition it includes:

Right of women to a life free of violence

Productive value of domestic work

The de facto union

Equal pay for work;

The gender language throughout the constitutional text

Historical Context

- In the last decades in our country various laws have been approved to adapt our legal framework to the commitments assumed by the State, through international agreements aimed at protecting rights, guaranteeing economic empowerment, and increasing their social and economic participation of women.
- The Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action (1995) on the economic, political and social conditions of women in the Dominican Republic showed great inequalities and the absence of public policies for the role of women to transcend the family.



The State and Gender Equality in the Dominican Republic



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- Decree 423-98 was Violence (CONAPLI
- Decree 97-99 create through Electoral La
- In 1997, the General mainstreaming in the
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- We also have laws I women
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- 88-03 Law that estat
- The Ministry of Wor organizations, prepar
- The Strategic Plan for Families 2011-2016,

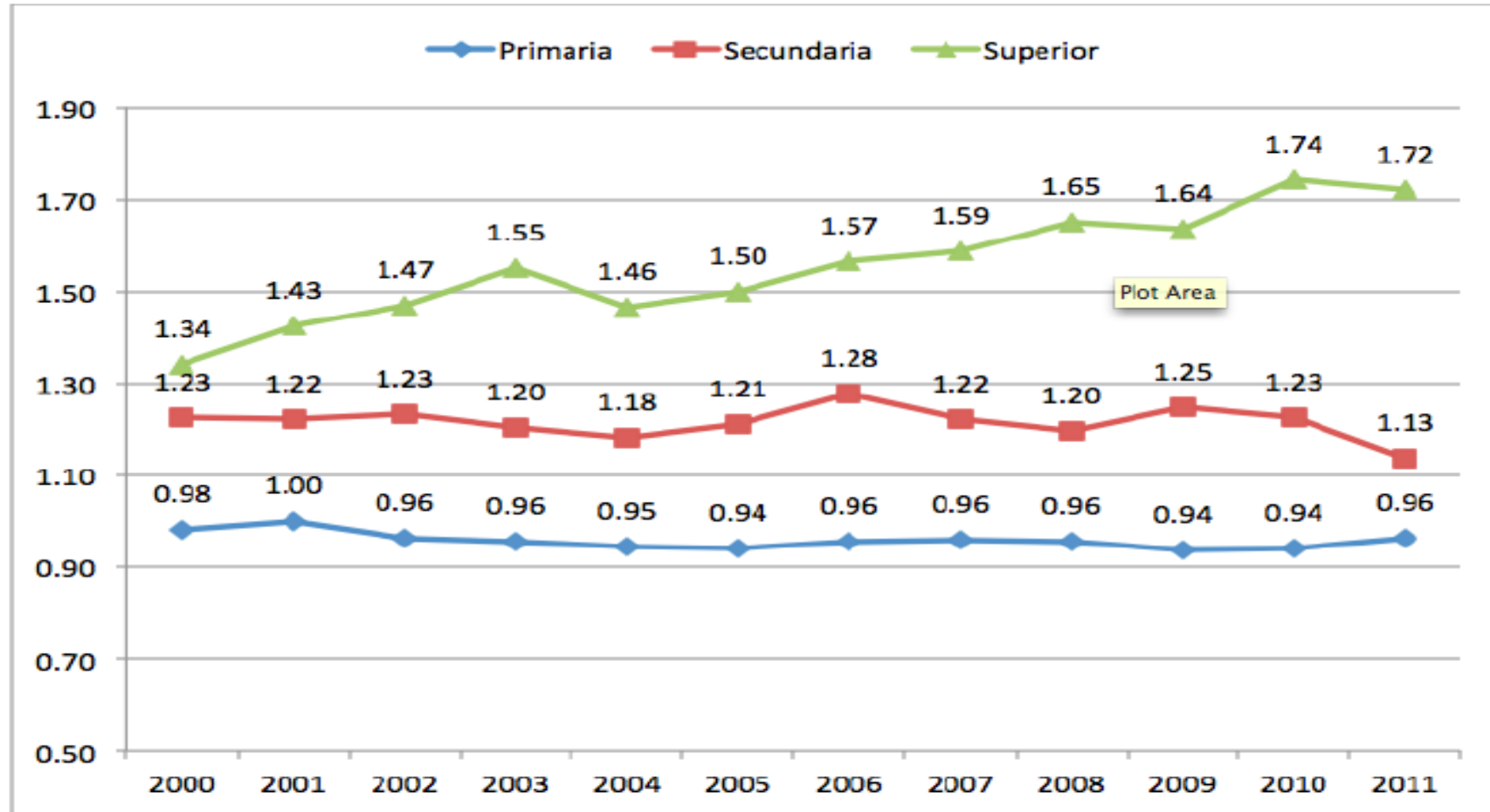


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- With the growing recognition of women's rights. Dominican women have been strengthening their participation in the economic, social and political areas, achieving an outstanding presence in the areas of justice and education, and giving life to important productive sectors of the nation.

Relación entre varones y hembras matriculados según nivel educativo



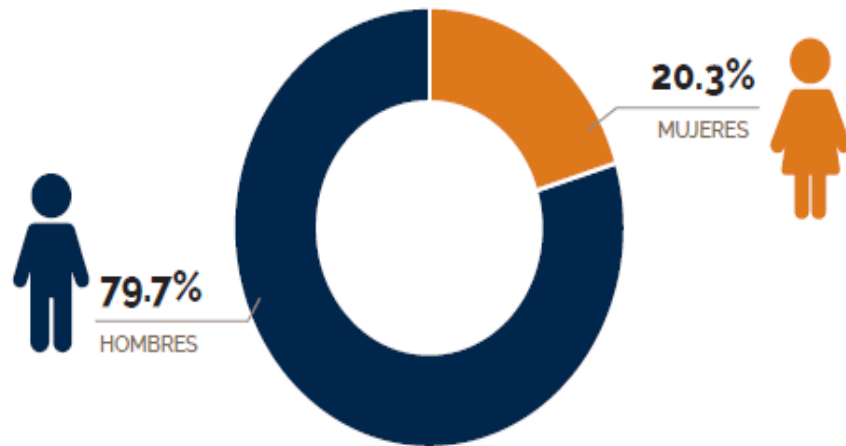
Fuente: Elaboración OPD con datos de SISDOM.

In higher education, the difference in favor of women is much greater: in 2011, for every 100 men enrolled there were 172 women.

Assistance programs for agricultural producers (Surprise Visits) with a gender approach

DISTRIBUCIÓN DE LAS/LOS BENEFICIARIAS/OS

SEGÚN GÉNERO



BENEFICIARIAS/OS PROYECTOS COMUNITARIOS

DISTRIBUCIÓN POR GÉNERO



Rural women have a higher level of associativity than men. In community projects such as roads or technological centers they benefit more.

- Despite the evident presence of women in economic and social life, the current cultural order still maintains and reinforces traditional roles in men and women; which is expressed in the daily life of relationships of couple, family, or work.

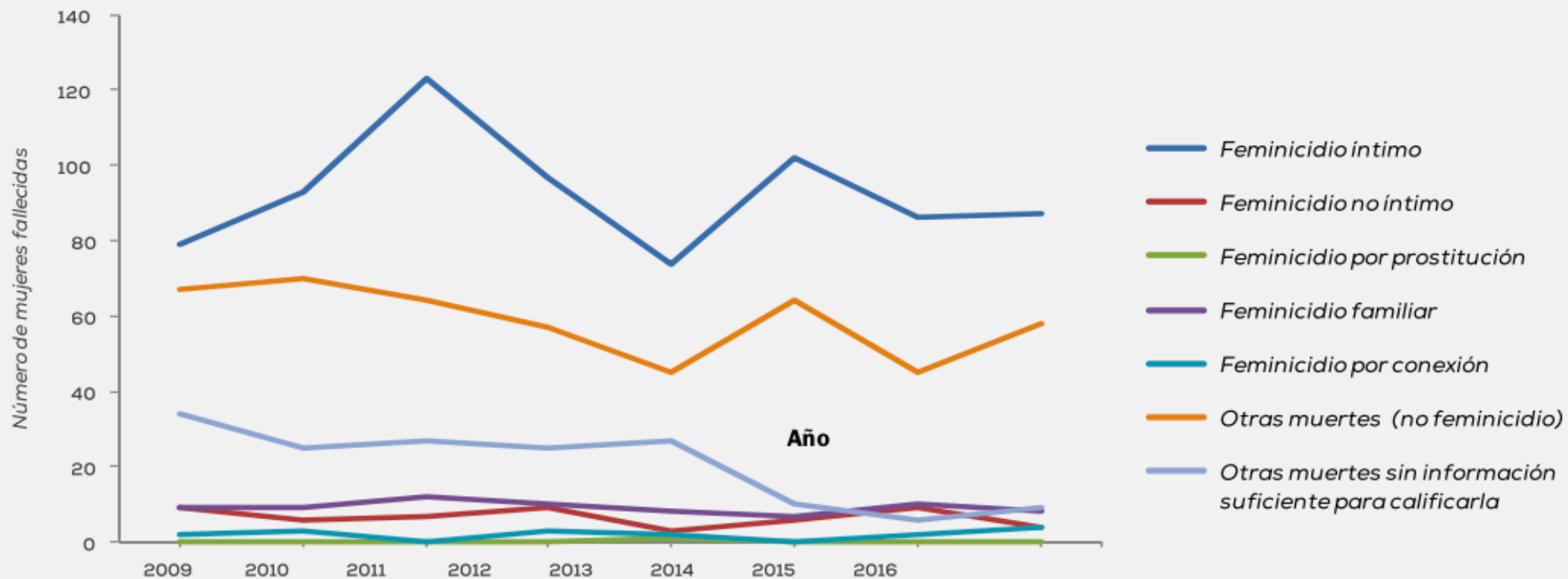


Statistics Of Deaths By Femicide



Gráfico 1.4

REPÚBLICA DOMINICANA: Número de mujeres fallecidas en condiciones de violencia por calificación de la muerte, según año, 2009-2016

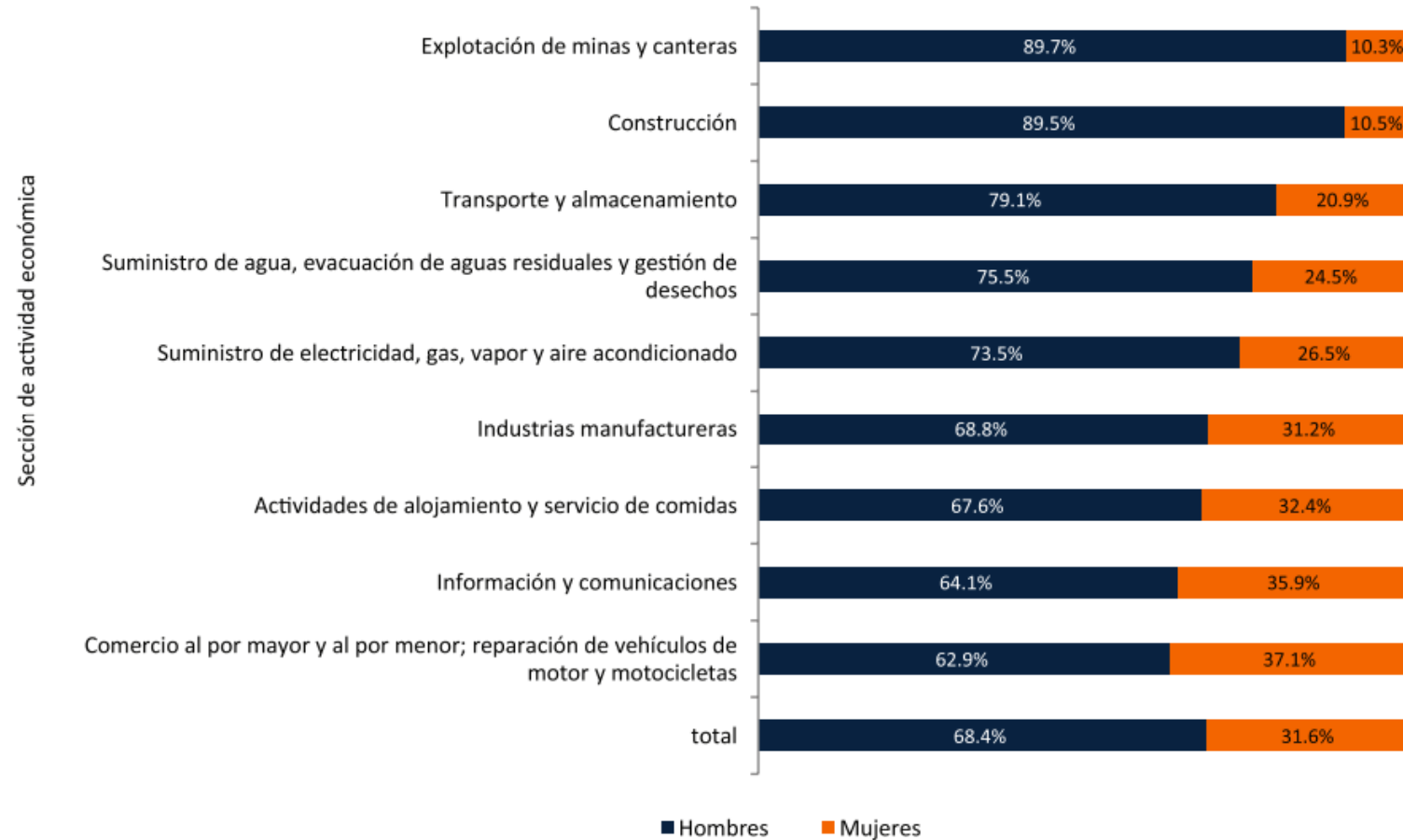


Statistics in the Economic Field



Gráfico 3

REPÚBLICA DOMINICANA: Participación porcentual de empleados por sexo, según sección de actividad económica, 2012



National Programs with a Gender Approach



- Decree No. 974-01 of created The Office of Gender Equality and Development with a seat in all State sectors.
- Law No. 176-07 of the National District and Municipalities. Article 21. Destination of the Funds. 4% dedicated to educational, gender and health programs.
- Resolution No. 2751-2010 Approving the Regulation for the application of the Gender Equality Policy in the Judiciary.
- Law 1-12 of END 2030 and Decree 134-14, which regulates the application thereof; Phase 1: Address the mainstreaming of the gender equality approach; Phase 2: Reinforcement of institutional learning; Phase 3: Piloting experience in eight public institutions; Phase 4: Formalization of institutional coordination committees; Phase 5: Preparation of documents by national specialists; and Phase 6: Technical assistance from international experts on gender-sensitive indicators and budgets.



Transversalization of the Gender Approach in Drug Policies



Presidencia de la República

CONSEJO NACIONAL DE DROGAS

República Dominicana



REPUBLICA DOMINICANA



It is a governmental institution with legal personality, dependent on the Executive Power. Its mission is to design and implement national policies against the consumption, distribution and trafficking of drugs and at the same time develop prevention strategies through education, guidance and training.

Its main objectives are: to advise the Executive Power on the issue of drugs in the Dominican Republic; review, design, develop and implement national strategies and campaigns against the consumption, distribution and trafficking of illicit drugs; and promote the coordination of all public and private sectors to stop drug trafficking at the national level.

NATIONAL POLICIES FOR THE PREVENTION OF DRUG CONSUMPTION



The Dominican Republic is a signatory to the Anti-Drug Strategy in the Hemisphere, our National Strategy is part of the fulfillment of the international commitments assumed by the country. These commitments are reflected in the signature and ratification by the Dominican Republic of the International Conventions both within the United Nations and in the Inter-American sphere, as well as in their active participation in international organizations specializing in drugs: the Office of the United Nations for the Control of Drugs and Crime (UNODC), the International Narcotics Control Board (INCB), the Caribbean Financial Action Group against Money Laundering (CFATF) and the Inter-American Commission for the Control of Abuse of drugs (CICAD / OAS). Likewise, this strategy takes into account the recommendations made to the country within the framework of the Multilateral Evaluation Mechanism (MEM) of CICAD / OAS.



**Estadísticas de detenidos por violación ley 50-88 según genero
Periodo Enero-Diciembre 2014.**

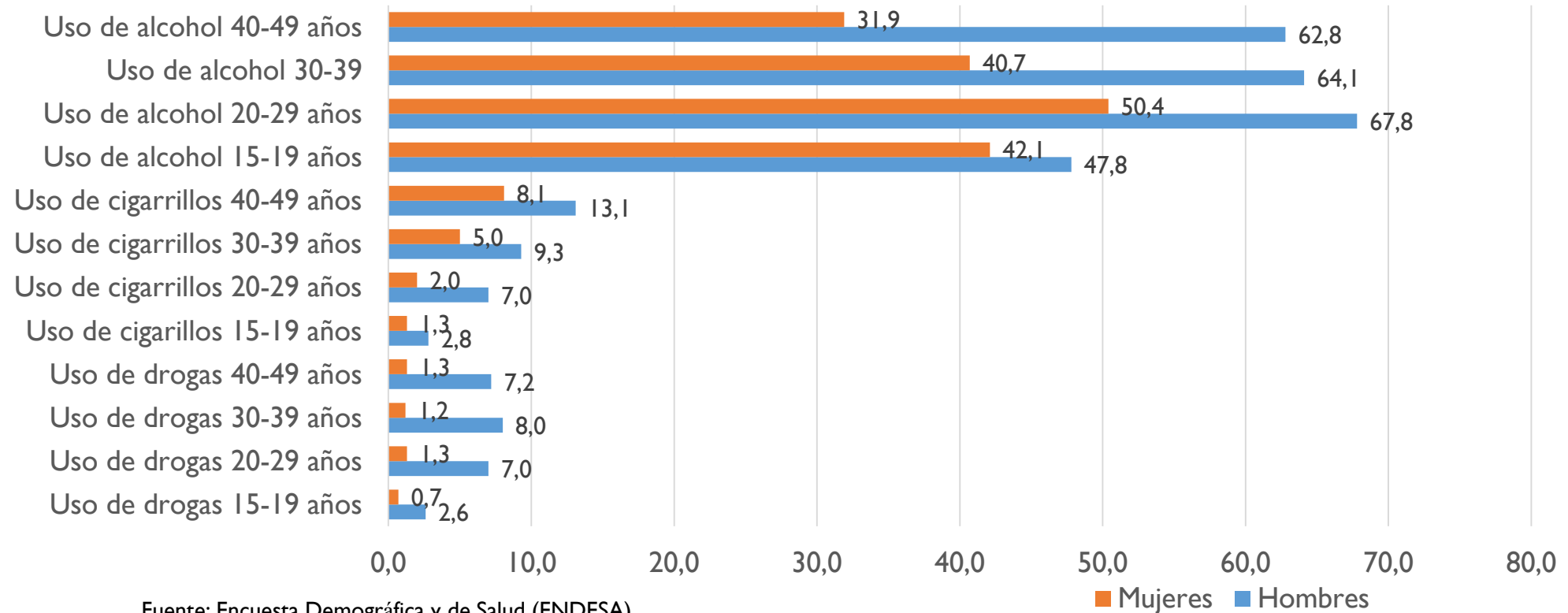
Año	Masculinos	Femeninos	Total
2010	25,142	806	25,948
2011	24,804	719	25,523
2012	26,250	664	26,914
2013	27,872	570	28,442
2014*	24,163	430	24,593
Total	128,231	3,189	131,420

Fuente: Dirección Nacional de Control de Drogas (DNCD).Elaborado por la División de Estadísticas Judiciales del ODD.

Consumer statistics



Percentage of use of stimulants and tranquilizers, according to gender (2004)





Gender-sensitive drug policies

- **The National Strategic Plan on Drugs 2016-2020**
- **"Gender Equality: It implies the recognition of the principle of equality before the law and in the exercise of the political, economic, social and cultural rights of all, citizens, in the legal basis, of public policies, strategies and plans to face the supply and consumption of addictive substances".**
- **Agreement between the National Council of Drugs and the Ministry of Women, raises gender mainstreaming and drug prevention in the projects and programs of both institutions**
- **Preliminary Draft Law: General Law Equality and Non-Discrimination will have the objective of preventing and eliminating the different forms of discrimination that are practiced against people in a general sense, its content puts special emphasis on the following populations: Women, children and adolescents, people with disabilities, elderly people, LGTBIQ + community, sex workers, people living with HIV (PLHIV), migrants, people who use drugs, people living in extreme poverty, people deprived of their liberty, because of their particular situations of vulnerability due to the discrimination they suffer when it comes to accessing social services and exercising their status as citizens.**



Gender-sensitive drug prevention programs

- The National Council of Drugs in coordination with UNODC and the Ministry of Education, carry out a 3-year pilot project called "Building Strong Families in the Dominican Republic", aimed at family psychoeducation, in which the focus of the gender from different scope:
- Strong Families (contains the gender approach in a transversal way)
- Parental Skills (contains a complete session of gender equity)
- Building Families (contains the gender approach in a transverse way)

Opinions on the modification of Law 50-88





CHALLENGE

*Context: Public and Social Policies to address the drug problem
focused on guaranteeing the rights of people*

Dynamics: daily practice sensitive to gender equality

Components: the social sectors of Dominicans and Dominicans



Democracy and development
they are not possible without the
achievement of Gender equality!



National Council of Drugs (CND)

DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

Av. México esq. 30 de Marzo.
Bloque "C", Oficinas Gubernamentales
809 221 4747
www.consejodedrogasrd.gob.do

Busca más información y siguenos en:

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